

The Dalles Chronicle.



VOL. VI.

THE DALLES, WASCO COUNTY, OREGON, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1896.

NUMBER 6.

A SILVER SUBSTITUTE

Action Taken by the Senate Finance Committee.

FREE COINAGE INSTEAD OF TARIFF

The Bill Identical With That Passed Saturday—Silver Republicans Surprised.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The finance committee of the senate agreed to report for the tariff bill a substitute providing for the free coinage of silver. The substitute was suggested by Senator Vest and agreed to by a majority of one, Senator Jones, of Nevada, voting with the democrats for the substitute, and all republicans present voting against it. Wolcott, of Colorado, the only republican absentee, was recorded as voting against the substitute. Senator Jones, of Arkansas, the only democratic member not present, was recorded as voting for it.

The substitute agreed to is in the exact words of the silver substitute for the bond bill which passed the senate Saturday. It provides for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, directs the immediate coinage into standard dollars of the silver seigniorage in the treasury, accumulated by purchases made the Sherman act; prohibits the issuance of National bank notes of smaller denominations than \$1; directs the secretary of the treasury to redeem greenbacks and treasury notes in either gold or silver exclusively, at the option of the secretary, and to reissue the greenbacks.

The meeting of the committee did not last to exceed half an hour, and was devoid of special features beyond offering and adopting the substitute. The republicans brought up the tariff bill and expressed a desire to get it out of the committee in some shape. When Vest proposed the silver substitute it was remarked that the senate had already been through one silver fight this session, and the belief was expressed that another contest could avail little or nothing. When, however, the vote was taken and the result made known, the republicans made no effort at delay.

Republican Clubs at Portland.

The gathering of representatives of Republican clubs exceeds in number any previous gathering, and the chief center of interest in Portland for the week is this meeting. At 10:15 Tuesday morning the convention was called to order at the New Park theater by President Beekman. Every seat and available bit of standing room in the body of the theater were occupied, and so were many seats in the gallery, when the gavel thrice rapped on the president's table. In less than five seconds' time order reigned throughout the vast hall, and a view from the stage presented a gathering of 1,300 or more faces. The Polk county delegation brought with them the celebrated Novello quartette and other delegations were accompanied by sweet singers. The "Woodburn Quintette" was also present. Altogether 195 clubs were represented, and 1,147 delegates entitled to seats.

The main object of the convention was for the election of officers to serve for the ensuing year, and for the adoption of a new and more practical constitution to govern this organization. Interest at The Dalles centers in who will be elected officers for the ensuing term and the choosing of delegates to the national league convention to meet at Milwaukee.

THE ELECTION.

At the Republican meeting in Portland Charley H. Carey was elected president of the league for the ensuing year. For vice-president Claude Gatch was chosen. Mr. L. A. McNary was elected a member-at-large of the executive committee, one of which are to serve from each congressional district. For the first congressional district, J. A. Wilson of Linn county was chosen. According to the Oregonian of today the business thus far had proceeded without tiresome delay, but the fight over the member from the second district dragged out the length of the session. W. H. Moore of Moro, Sherman county, was the first candidate placed in nomination by Mr. J. C. Burkes, who in a ringing speech set forth Mr. Moore's many qualifications that entitled him to a place on the committee. E. M. Van Slyck, of Baker, was placed in nomination by C. A. Johns, and B. F. Laughlin of The Dalles was nominated by W. H. Wilson, J. B. Eddy, William Holder and J. C. Leasure vigorously seconded the nomination of Mr. Moore, while Pierce Mays spoke earnestly for Laughlin as the choice of the second

congressional district. Van Slyck's support was apparently very slight, and the selection seemed to lie between Moore and Laughlin. In the balloting, Van Slyck dropped out of the race early in the roll call, and for a time the voting seemed to be about equally divided between the other two candidates. Gradually, however, Moore began forging ahead on the tally sheet, and each decisive ballot cast was the signal for cheering.

"James G. Blaine Club, 36 votes," read the secretary from the roll-call. "Thirty six votes for Moore," answered the chairman of the club delegation amidst great applause.

Every one knew that Moore had been elected, though, long before the secretary announced the official result. The ballot resulted in Moore receiving 334 votes, Laughlin 260 votes and Van Slyck 54 votes.

The next order of business the election of six delegates-at-large and four from each congressional district, to attend the meeting of the National Republican League, at Milwaukee, Wis., in June, and that nominations would be in order.

Ex-Senator J. N. Dolph, in a brief speech, nominated M. C. George for delegate-at-large; Judge Thomas A. McBride, of Oregon City, was nominated by George Brownell, George W. Patterson, of Washington county, by Thomas Tongue; J. M. Long, of Portland, by Judge Cleland; A. W. Gowan, of Harney county, and James A. Fee, of Umatilla county, by J. C. Leasure. It was then moved that the nominations for the delegates-at-large be closed, and, upon motion, their election was made unanimous.

The four delegates from the first congressional district placed in nomination were R. A. Booth, of Josephine county; I. L. Patterson, of Marion county; J. H. Hawley, of Polk county, and J. A. Blundell, of Douglas county. This election was made unanimous.

Judge J. C. Moreland had a surprise in store for the delegates of the second congressional district, for no sooner had the president announced that nominations would be in order, than he sprang to his feet and began reading off a list of candidates. The men nominated by Mr. Moreland were John Michell of Wasco county; J. M. Church of Union county; W. C. Avery of Multnomah county, and F. J. Taylor of Clatsop county. A good-natured laugh broke out among the delegates as Moreland finished his list, and then some one promptly proposed that the nominations be closed. There was a little opposition to this, but it manifested no strength in the vote, and the nominees were accordingly declared the delegates of the second district.

Before the convention adjourned it was moved and carried that the league recommend to the executive committee the re-election of H. L. Wells as secretary. Resolutions were also passed extending the thanks of the convention to B. B. Beekman, the retiring president, and to the Monmouth, Woodburn, Multnomah and Social quartettes for their singing during the session. President Carey then announced that there was no father business before the convention, and that speechmaking would be in order. But the convention was already beginning to thin out, and Mr. Dodd's motion to adjourn was carried.

Considerable stir was occasioned by action of an excited individual, who made his way to the platform as the delegates were filing out, and called out, "All who are in favor of John H. Mitchell for the next senator from Oregon say 'aye.'" He failed, however, to draw forth any burst of enthusiasm from the rapidly vanishing delegates.

NEWS NOTES.

The senate Indian committee have authorized a favorable report on Senator Pettigrew's bill for the taxation of lands allotted to Indians in severalty.

The Palmer house, Chicago, will be the rallying center of the democratic politicians during the national convention. Besides the national committee, twenty-nine states will have their headquarters at the hotel. Every available room in the house which can be spared from the regular trade has been assigned. The house has been compelled to refuse quarters to two applying state delegations.

Unlike most proprietary medicines, the formulae of Dr. J. C. Ayer's Sarsaparilla and other preparations are cheerfully sent to any physician who applies for them. Hence the special favor accorded these well-known standard remedies by the World's Fair commissioners.

Four Dollars a Cord.

Four dollars will now buy a cord of good oak wood delivered at your wood shed. We will sell at this price for a time to reduce our stock.

dec18-tf Jos. T. PETERS & Co.

KILLED HIS FAMILY

Then Shot Himself Through the Head.

DESPERATE DEED OF A CARPENTER

He Was Out of Work and His Family Was Destitute—A Deliberately Planned Crime.

CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—The entire family of six, consisting of his father, mother, wife and three children, were murdered last night by Richard Klattke, a Lakeview carpenter, who completed the work by killing himself.

The dead are: Richard Klattke, a carpenter, 39 years old; Kate Klattke, his wife, John Klattke, his father, 73; Mina Wilhelmine, his mother-in-law, 71; Anna Klattke, his daughter, 9; and Emma Klattke, his daughter, 7.

The members of the Klattke family were found dead early this morning in their little cottage, at 207 Berkan avenue, two blocks from Cuyler station, a suburb of Chicago, on the Northwestern railroad, by Matthew Brown, a saloon-keeper, who called to secure the services of the carpenter. Each of the seven corpses had a bullet wound in the head and the death of all had evidently been instantaneous. Beside the body of Richard Klattke lay a revolver, and empty cartridge shells were scattered about the room. There were no indications of a struggle on the part of any of the victims.

A heavy odor, which appeared to be that of chloroform, pervaded the house. From this it was surmised that Klattke first chloroformed the entire family and then deliberately aimed and put a bullet into the brain of each. Everything pointed to a deliberately planned murder by the head of the family, and a desire to place himself and his family beyond any further earthly troubles.

Klattke was despondent, his family were cold and hungry. Since Christmas he had been out of work, and he ended his troubles just as relief was in sight. This morning the next-door neighbor, Adolph Schmidt, called at the cottage with the joyful news that he had found a job for Klattke. At the same time Matt Brown arrived on the same errand.

A close examination of the remains showed one of the victims alone had any warning of her fate. This was Mrs. Kate Klattke, the wife of the murderer. She, it appears, struggled with her husband before the fatal shot was fired. Her hands were scratched and her clothing torn. She had evidently been overpowered and thrown beside the dead body of her little 7-year-old daughter, Emma.

A COMPLETE SURPRISE.

Finance Committee's Report Unfavorably Received by Republicans.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The finance committee's report proved a complete surprise to the silver republicans and was unfavorably received by them. They immediately began a movement to have the two propositions, tariff and silver, separated and will generally support Quay's motion to this effect. The silver republicans expressed themselves as follows:

Mitchell (Or.)—It is a democratic move to defeat the tariff. I won't vote for it.

Pettigrew—I am against it. You might just as well try to put the ten commandments on any bill that comes into the senate.

Carter—The bill will be recommitted and ought to be with instructions to report the tariff and silver propositions separately.

Clark—The committee's work looks to me like boyish play.

Warren—I am not for it; it is not in the interest of silver.

Mantle—I am a silver man and may vote for the substitute. However, I will not feel obliged to do so, if it becomes apparent as the matter progresses that the substitute is intended for no other purpose than to beat the tariff bill.

Perkins—I voted consistently for the silver substitute for the bond bill in accordance with the wishes of my constituents, and even went to the extent of opposing all amendments offered to defeat it, but I do not consider myself under obligation to support a measure so evidently intended for the purpose of defeating tariff legislation. The tariff bill is an emergency measure, and the revenue it provides for is needed for the support of the government.

Pritchard—I am a silver republican,

in favor of a tariff as well as silver legislation, hence feel it my duty to oppose this substitute.

It is asserted that all the democrats and populists will vote against Quay's motion. If this be true the motion cannot carry, and the contest will come directly upon the substitute. Some "sound money" democrats are inclined to support Quay's motion, but most of them take the position that they vote against the motion as a means of killing the tariff bill.

TO RECOGNIZE CUBA.

Rights of a Belligerent to be Accorded Her.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The senate committee on foreign relations today agreed upon a substitute for the resolution heretofore reported on the question of the recognition of Cuba, and authorized Senator Morgan to report it to the senate. It is:

"Resolved by the senate, the house of representatives, concurring, That in the opinion of congress a condition of war exists between the government of Spain and the government proclaimed and for some time maintained by force of arms by the people of Cuba, and that the United States of America should maintain a strict neutrality between the contending powers, and accord each all the rights of belligerents in the ports and territory of the United States."

The committee also voted to make an effort to take up the Cuban question in the senate as soon as the urgent deficiency bill and the resolution for the distribution of the appropriation bills can be disposed of.

WORLD'S NEWS IN BRIEF.

The wish for arbitration of the Venezuelan question is gaining ground in England.

In the house yesterday, Delegate Catron, of New Mexico, introduced a bill to prevent the pugilistic festival taking place near El Paso.

The Press Association announces the Scotch oil combine as completely dissolved, with heavy losses to the investors, and the Standard Oil Company is again master of the situation.

Justice Morris, in announcing a decision of the court of appeals for the District of Columbia, ruled that while intoxication may be a disease, yet if it is voluntary and leads to commission of crime, it is a crime in itself.

The steamer Maria Christiana has arrived at Havana having on board the Reina, Farnesia Alamanca, Alburra and Galicia squadrons, numbering 625. They were accorded an enthusiastic reception. These squadrons, with horses, are prepared to enter the field immediately.

General George Gibbon, the famous Indian fighter, died at his home in Baltimore last night at the age of 68. His death was caused by pneumonia, which attacked him last Sunday night, just as he was about to start for Milwaukee to attend a reunion of the Loyal Legion.

General Campos, in a recent interview, said: "Weyler will accomplish no more, no less than I; but in case he fails he will not be relieved. Having been appointed by a conservative government, and being backed by the liberal party, only a great and unexpected catastrophe could bring about his removal."

Colonel A. J. Fountain, one of the best-known men in New Mexico, was kidnapped on the road from Las Cruces to White Oaks, by cattle-thieves, and is believed to have been killed, together with his little son who was his only traveling companion. Fountain was prosecuting attorney of the district and has been pushing the rustlers hard.

The secretary of the treasury yesterday opened the bids for the purchase of \$100,000,000 of United States 4 per cent 30-year bonds, received under his call, dated January 6 last. The bonds, redeemable in coin, will be issued in denominations of \$50 or multiples of that sum, as desired by bidders. Over five times the amount required was subscribed in a short time.

All Spain Aroused.

MADRID, Feb. 6.—The resolution on the belligerence of the Cuban insurgents of the United States senate committee on foreign relations has created a great sensation in Spain. The Epoca says of it:

"President Cleveland surely cannot forget the traditions of American policy. The Confederates, during the late war, were not recognized as belligerents, nor were the Chilean insurgents in their last war."

The Herald is indignant, and advises the government to send an ironclad squadron to Cuba. The Correo says the attitude of the senate is offensive and arbitrary.

The Chile-Argentina dispute is to be amicably settled.

PASSED THE SENATE

Catron's Anti-Prizefighting Bill Rushed Through.

IT MAY BE SIGNED TOMORROW

Fistic Carnival, Therefore, Will Not Come off in New Mexico--To Enforce the Law.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Senator Hoar, chairman of the judiciary committee, reported to the senate the Catron bill to prevent prizefights in federal territory. It was passed.

Quay today modified his resolution to re-commit the tariff bill so as not to include instructions to the committee, and, at his own request, it went over until Monday. The populist senators have decided in caucus to vote solidly against re-committing the silver substitute for the tariff bill to the committee on finance. If the Democrats stand together against the Quay motion the decision of the Populists insures its defeat.

THE ANTI-PRIZEFIGHT BILL.

It Will Probably Be Signed Tomorrow—Prepared to Enforce It.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The Catron bill to prohibit prizefighting in federal territory will probably be sent to the president tomorrow or the next day. It is considered almost certain that it will be signed promptly, thus making it a law operative immediately. Then the whole government authority, judicial and, if necessary, military, will be invoked to stop the prize fights.

Army officers on duty at the war department are prepared to do all in their power to execute the provisions of the Catron bill if called upon when the bill becomes a law. The procedure of setting in motion the machinery of the army would be for the governor of New Mexico, or any territory which may be the scene of an unlawful gathering, to call upon the United States marshal of the territory to act, and he might, if he felt it necessary, call upon the United States troops for assistance. The war department authorities say they have an ample force in New Mexico and adjacent to the border to take care of any number of sports likely to be there to take the chances of arrest on charges of felony by attending the prizefight. Army officers feel confident the troops will not be called for, believing the law will compel the abandonment of the project to pull the fights off in the territory.

WILL PHOTOGRAPH COLOES.

The Wonderful Discovery of a German Physician.

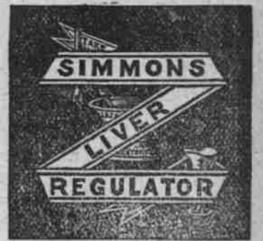
New York, Feb. 6.—A special to the Journal from Berlin says:

Hardly has the world had time to recover from its astonishment over the wonderful discovery of Professor Roentgen in the sphere of photography, when the news is wired from Brandenburg of an epoch-making discovery which already excites the greatest interest in scientific, commercial and industrial circles. The world of art, also is threatened with another formidable competitor.

The inventor is Dr. Zelle, a practicing physician of Brandenburg. He has contrived a photographic instrument which will, in minute details, reproduce the various colors of objects, persons and landscapes brought within a special range of the camera. What is the most surprising in this experience is that in the photographs the colors lose none of their original brilliant shades. Connoisseurs speak with the greatest enthusiasm of Dr. Zelle's remarkable work.

Dr. Zelle's apparatus does not require any more time for the perfecting of colored photographs than is used for the colorless productions by ordinary cameras.

Zelle's instantaneous colored photography, as it will probably be called, forms the subject today of the leading journals of the German metropolis. The inventor keeps the most important factors of his device a secret. In an address to the Freie Photographische Vereinigung he only admits that his instru-



GOOD FOR EVERYBODY

Almost everybody takes some laxative medicine to cleanse the system and keep the blood pure. Those who take SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR (liquid or powder) get all the benefits of a mild and pleasant laxative and tonic that purifies the blood and strengthens the whole system. And more than this: SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR regulates the Liver, keeps it active and healthy, and when the Liver is in good condition you find yourself free from Malaria, Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick-Headache and Constipation, and rid of that worn out and debilitated feeling. These are all caused by a sluggish Liver. Good digestion and freedom from stomach troubles will only be had when the liver is properly at work. If troubled with any of these complaints, try SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. The King of Liver Medicines, and Better than Pills.

EVERY PACKAGE

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ment contains three very thin gelatine films placed at equal distances, which all receive the same impressions of objects within the range of the camera with this distinction: That on the first the various tints of red; on the second of blue, and on the third those of yellow are received. Immediately after the operator has covered his lens, the films are pressed together and are then ready for development and retouching. Dr. Zelle has labored daily for five years to perfect his invention, which is pronounced by all a brilliant success.

Robbery at Heppner.

The boldest robbery that ever occurred in Heppner took place last night. Two masked men held up the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company's agent, and made him, at the point of their revolvers, open his safe and give them the cash. They secured probably \$50.

The robbery took place about 9:30 o'clock. The agent and his wife went into the office at that time, and two men walked in, with their faces covered with black masks, and, covering the agent and his wife, ordered them to hold up their hands. The agent asked them what for. They replied "Because we want you to." They ordered him to open the safe, saying they wanted his money, and only had a minute to wait. Mrs. Hart, the agent's wife, left the room, notwithstanding they ordered her to stop, and went down the track for the brakeman, who had left the depot about ten minutes before, and was at the coach getting ready for a night's run. The alarm was quickly given; but so far no trace of the robbers has been found. One was a tall man and the other of medium size. The depot is about 200 yards from any other occupied building, and a great many wonder that a robbery has never occurred before.

Did you know?

That we have opened up a Wholesale Liquor House at J. O. Mack's old stand?

The purest Wines and Liquors for family use.

STUBLING & WILLIAMS

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE